THE CHINA CRITIC

VOL. V

Shanghai, Thursday, November 3, 1932

No. 4

+ m # m m m

SHANGHAI, CHINA.

Contents

EDITORIALS:	
Civic Liberties Union	1147
Increasing Unrest in Japan	1147
Exhibition versus Exhibitionism	1148
Lytton and Schnee on Manchurian Problem	1148
"Gott Mit Uns!"	1149
Trade Mark Piracy	1149
Fascism in Japan	1149
	1150
SPECIAL ARTICLES:	
	1151
China's Reaction to Democracy and Industrialism-by	1101
	1158
	1154
Looking Polward—By Dolothy Mon	1104
SCIENCE SNAPSHOTS	1155
SCIENCE SNAPSHOTS	1100
OURDER CHINESE.	
OVERSEA CHINESE:	
Australia and China—By L. Y	1156
THE LITTLE CRITIC:	
For A Civic Liberty Union-By Lin Yutang	1157
For A Civic Liberty Chick—By Din Tutang	110.
CASSANDRA'S COLUMN:	
Medimirana arangani	
Give No Modern Music	1158
BOOK REVIEW:	
Tibet In Modern World Politics (1774-192)-By Wei-kuo Lee	1150
FACTS AND FIGURES:	
The state of the s	
Estimated Production of Metallic and Non-Metallic Minerals	1161
Produced in Different Provinces of China During 1921-1931	1101
TROM THE CHINARY PROCE	1166
FROM THE CHINESE PRESS	1100
TRAIL THE MODELS TO THE	
FROM THE FOREIGN PRESS	1167
PUBLIC FORUM	1168

D. K. Lieu (對大衡) Advisory Editor. Kwei Chung-shu (桂中鄉) Managing Editor.

Board of Editors

CHANG HSIN-HAI	(強計等)	V. T. BANG-CHOU	(用數寫茶)
THOMAS M. H. CHAO	(金数值)	CHIN-JEN CHEN	(職款仁)
DURHAM S. F. CHEN	(唯石学)	H. Y. WARREN CHEN	(職學實)
T. K. CHUAN	(全增權)	YUNG-CHI HOE	(何永信)
T. KING	(全于開)	EDWARD Y. K. KWONG	(蘇堤冲)
Kan Lee	(李 轶)	LIN YU	、(林 南)
LIN YUTANG	(林語堂)	Y. C. MA	(馬寅初)
Francis K. Pan	(清光短)	QUENTIN PAN	(潛光且)

P. K. CHU (朱少原) Business Manager.

The China Critic, published at 50 Peking Road, by The China Critic Publishing Co., Shanghai, Cable Address: "SINOCRITIC," Shanghai, Telephone No. 10976.

European Office: 69 Ridge Hill, N. W. 11, London. Orders for Advertisements and Subscriptions from Europe may be placed through this office.

American Office: WORLD WIDE NEWS ASSOCIATION 11 West 42 St. New York City. Orders for Advertisements and Subscriptions from U.S.A. may be placed through this office.

 Subscription rates including postage as follows:
 3 men. 6 mon.
 12 men.

 Chins.
 .
 \$2.00
 \$4.00
 \$7.00

 Foreign
 .
 G.31.50
 G.38.00
 G.55.00

Civic Liberties Union

LISEWHERE in this issue, we are publishing a statement by Madame Sun Yat-sen, which is an appeal to the intellectuals and all friends of China to associate themselves with the movement for the defense of all political prisoners. The difference of viewpoint between Madame Sun and our editorial of the last issue was perhaps real, but we nevertheless endorse her proposal for the formation of a general committee in defense of victims of justice. It is our conviction that such a committee, when formed, should be established on entirely non-partisan lines, and its object should be the defense of the people's civic rights as such, without respect to any particular political faction, and even without limitation to "political" prisoners only. Only by such a definition can the committee do its work effectively, for with a great number of young people arrested and put in prison, it is highly probable that the reason is not "political," but simple abuse of official power in the satisfaction of personal squabbles. The committee should regard as its principal task the defense of all people arrested without warrant, or detained without trial, and should further furnish legal counsel to the defenseless. Some of the most frequent flagrant cases of officials violating the law will be the closing of newspaper plants and imprisonment of editors. The case only happened a week ago when eight small papers were closed down in one day in Changshu, for criticism of the local administration, and there is a case being brought up for trial of an editor in Nanziang district arrested by the magistrate and sentenced to prison. Owing to the Japanese invasion last spring, the National Government promised the people of Nanziang exemption from farm tax, but the magistrate, who was criticized by the editor for collecting this tax, took upon himself the duties of a judge, and had no difficulty in finding the accused guilty. Such abuses of civic rights are practically to be found everywhere in China, and the committee will in all probability have more than they can handle. The value of its work, however, consists in teaching our people a new attitude of self-defense and, may we say, of against injustice. Unless the people active resistance, of China change their political philosophy and take a new attitude of self-defense, the so-called government by law will not fall down from heaven like so much manna in a desert for the Israelites.

Increasing Unrest in Japan

TOKYO reports state that the police have unearthed a plot to assassinate two high officials at the forthcoming grand maneuvers. The intended victims are believed to be Count Makino, lord privy seal, and General Ugaki, former minister of war. In addition, the police have arrested a young man who sent a threatening letter to Mr. Takahashi, the finance minister. Why these gentlemen should be singled out still remains a matter for conjecture. The plot, however, confirms the general belief that Japan's internal unrest is increasing,